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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to implementing the 2018-2019 General Appropriations Act; providing legislative intent; authorizing the Executive Office of the Governor to transfer funds between departments for purposes of realigning amounts paid for risk management premiums and for purposes of aligning amounts paid for human resource management services; reenacting s. 215.32(2)(b), F.S., relating to the source and use of certain trust funds in order to implement the transfer of moneys into the General Revenue Fund from trust funds in the 2018-2019 General Appropriations Act; limiting the use of travel funds to activities that are critical to an agency's mission; incorporating by reference certain calculations of the Florida Education Finance Program for the 2018-2019 fiscal amending s. 259.105, F.S.; allocating Florida Forever Trust Fund moneys to the Department of Environmental Protection for land acquisition and land management; amending s. 375.041, F.S.; specifying that certain funds for projects dedicated to restoring Lake Apopka shall be appropriated as provided in the General Appropriations Act; amending s. 215.18, F.S.; authorizing the Governor, if there is a specified deficiency in a land acquisition trust fund in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of State, or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation

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Commission, to transfer funds from other trust funds in the State Treasury as a temporary loan to such trust fund; providing procedures for the transfer and repayment of the loan; providing a legislative determination that the repayment of the temporary loan is a constitutionally allowable use of such moneys; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to transfer designated proportions of the revenues deposited in the Land Acquisition Trust Fund within the department to land acquisition trust funds in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of State, and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission according to specified parameters and calculations; defining the term "department"; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to submit a budget amendment to realign funds for the Children's Medical Services program; revising the online procurement system transaction fee; amending s. 216.292, F.S.; authorizing the Executive Office of the Governor to transfer funds between departments for purposes of realigning budget authority based on data processing assessments and preventing transfer of data processing appropriations to other categories; requiring the Department of Juvenile Justice to review county juvenile detention payments to determine if the county has met specified financial responsibilities; requiring amounts owed by the county for such financial responsibilities to be

deducted from certain county funds; amending section 216.262, F.S.; delaying the expiration of provisions directing the Department of Corrections to seek a budget amendment for additional positions and appropriations if the inmate population exceeds a certain estimate under certain circumstances; providing for the effect of a veto of one or more specific appropriations or proviso to which implementing language refers; providing for the continued operation of certain provisions notwithstanding a future repeal or expiration provided by the act; providing for severability; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. It is the intent of the Legislature that the implementing and administering provisions of this act apply to the General Appropriations Act for the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

Section 2. In order to implement the appropriation of funds in appropriation category "Special Categories-Risk Management Insurance" in the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations

Act, and pursuant to the notice, review, and objection procedures of s. 216.177, Florida Statutes, the Executive Office of the Governor may transfer funds appropriated in that category between state agencies in order to align the budget authority granted with the premiums paid by each department for risk management insurance. This section expires July 1, 2019.

Section 3. In order to implement the appropriation of funds in the appropriation category "Special Categories-Transfer to Department of Management Services-Human Resources Services

Purchased Per Statewide Contract" in the Fiscal Year 2018-19

General Appropriations Act, and pursuant to the notice, review, and objection procedures of s. 216.177, Florida Statutes, the Executive Office of the Governor may transfer funds appropriated in that category between state agencies in order to align the budget authority granted with the assessments that must be paid by each agency to the Department of Management Services for human resource management services. This section expires July 1, 2019.

Section 4. In order to implement the transfer of moneys to the General Revenue Fund from trust funds in the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations Act, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 215.32, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 215.32 State funds; segregation.—

- (2) The source and use of each of these funds shall be as follows:
- (b)1. The trust funds shall consist of moneys received by the state which under law or under trust agreement are segregated for a purpose authorized by law. The state agency or branch of state government receiving or collecting such moneys is responsible for their proper expenditure as provided by law. Upon the request of the state agency or branch of state government responsible for the administration of the trust fund, the Chief Financial Officer may establish accounts within the trust fund at a level considered necessary for proper

accountability. Once an account is established, the Chief Financial Officer may authorize payment from that account only upon determining that there is sufficient cash and releases at the level of the account.

- 2. In addition to other trust funds created by law, to the extent possible, each agency shall use the following trust funds as described in this subparagraph for day-to-day operations:
- a. Operations or operating trust fund, for use as a depository for funds to be used for program operations funded by program revenues, with the exception of administrative activities when the operations or operating trust fund is a proprietary fund.
- b. Operations and maintenance trust fund, for use as a depository for client services funded by third-party payors.
- c. Administrative trust fund, for use as a depository for funds to be used for management activities that are departmental in nature and funded by indirect cost earnings and assessments against trust funds. Proprietary funds are excluded from the requirement of using an administrative trust fund.
- d. Grants and donations trust fund, for use as a depository for funds to be used for allowable grant or donor agreement activities funded by restricted contractual revenue from private and public nonfederal sources.
- e. Agency working capital trust fund, for use as a depository for funds to be used pursuant to s. 216.272.
- f. Clearing funds trust fund, for use as a depository for funds to account for collections pending distribution to lawful recipients.

g. Federal grant trust fund, for use as a depository for funds to be used for allowable grant activities funded by restricted program revenues from federal sources.

To the extent possible, each agency must adjust its internal accounting to use existing trust funds consistent with the requirements of this subparagraph. If an agency does not have trust funds listed in this subparagraph and cannot make such adjustment, the agency must recommend the creation of the necessary trust funds to the Legislature no later than the next scheduled review of the agency's trust funds pursuant to s. 215.3206.

- 3. All such moneys are hereby appropriated to be expended in accordance with the law or trust agreement under which they were received, subject always to the provisions of chapter 216 relating to the appropriation of funds and to the applicable laws relating to the deposit or expenditure of moneys in the State Treasury.
- 4.a. Notwithstanding any provision of law restricting the use of trust funds to specific purposes, unappropriated cash balances from selected trust funds may be authorized by the Legislature for transfer to the State School Trust Fund, Budget Stabilization Fund, and General Revenue Fund in the General Appropriations Act.
- b. This subparagraph does not apply to trust funds required by federal programs or mandates; trust funds established for bond covenants, indentures, or resolutions whose revenues are legally pledged by the state or public body to meet debt service or other financial requirements of any debt obligations of the

state or any public body; the Division of Licensing Trust Fund in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; the State Transportation Trust Fund; the trust fund containing the net annual proceeds from the Florida Education Lotteries; the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund; trust funds under the management of the State Board of Education or the Board of Governors of the State University System, where such trust funds are for auxiliary enterprises, self-insurance, and contracts, grants, and donations, as those terms are defined by general law; trust funds that serve as clearing funds or accounts for the Chief Financial Officer or state agencies; trust funds that account for assets held by the state in a trustee capacity as an agent or fiduciary for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units; and other trust funds authorized by the State Constitution.

Section 5. In order to implement the funds appropriated in the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations Act for state employee travel, the funds appropriated to each state agency, which may be used for travel by state employees, are limited during the 2018-2019 fiscal year to travel for activities that are critical to each state agency's mission. Funds may not be used to pay for travel by state employees to foreign countries, other states, conferences, staff-training activities, or other administrative functions unless the agency head has approved in writing that such activities are critical to the agency's mission. The agency head must consider the use of teleconferencing and other forms of electronic communication to meet the needs of the proposed activity before approving

196 mission-critical travel. This section does not apply to travel 197 for law enforcement purposes, military purposes, emergency management activities, or public health activities. This section 198 199 expires July 1, 2019. 200 Section 6. In order to implement Specific Appropriations 6, 201 7, 8, 92, and 93 of the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General 202 Appropriations Act, the calculations of the Florida Education 203 Finance Program for the 2018-2019 fiscal year in the document 204 entitled "Public School Funding-The Florida Education Finance 205 Program," dated November 14, 2017, and filed with the Executive 206 Office of the Governor are incorporated by reference for the 207 purpose of displaying the calculations used in making 208 appropriations for the Florida Education Finance Program. This 209 section expires July 1, 2019. Section 7. In order to implement Specific Appropriation 210 211 1549 of the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations Act, 212 paragraph (m) is added to subsection (3) of section 259.105, 213 Florida Statutes, to read: 214 259.105 The Florida Forever Act.-215 (3) Less the costs of issuing and the costs of funding reserve accounts and other costs associated with bonds, the 216 217 proceeds of cash payments or bonds issued pursuant to this 218 section shall be deposited into the Florida Forever Trust Fund 219 created by s. 259.1051. The proceeds shall be distributed by the 220 Department of Environmental Protection in the following manner: 221 (m) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a)-(j) and for the 2018-

Page 8 of 19

1. The amount of \$50,000,000 to only the Division of State

2019 fiscal year only;

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Lands within the Department of Environmental Protection for the
Board of Trustees Florida Forever Priority List land acquisition
projects.

This paragraph expires July 1, 2019.

Section 8. In order to implement specific appropriations of the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations Act associated with the Land Acquisition Trust Fund, paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 375.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

375.041 Land Acquisition Trust Fund.-

- (3) Funds distributed into the Land Acquisition Trust Fund pursuant to s. 201.15 shall be applied:
- (b) Of the funds remaining after the payments required under paragraph (a), but before funds may be appropriated, pledged, or dedicated for other uses:
- 1. A minimum of the lesser of 25 percent or \$200 million shall be appropriated annually for Everglades projects that implement the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan as set forth in s. 373.470, including the Central Everglades Planning Project subject to Congressional authorization; the Long-Term Plan as defined in s. 373.4592(2); and the Northern Everglades and Estuaries Protection Program as set forth in s. 373.4595. From these funds, \$32 million shall be distributed each fiscal year through the 2023-2024 fiscal year to the South Florida Water Management District for the Long-Term Plan as defined in s. 373.4592(2). After deducting the \$32 million distributed under this subparagraph, from the funds remaining, a minimum of the lesser of 76.5 percent or \$100 million shall be appropriated

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each fiscal year through the 2025-2026 fiscal year for the planning, design, engineering, and construction of the Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan as set forth in s. 373.470, including the Central Everglades Planning Project, the Everglades Agricultural Area Storage Reservoir Project, the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Project, the C-43 West Basin Storage Reservoir Project, the Indian River Lagoon-South Project, the Western Everglades Restoration Project, and the Picayune Strand Restoration Project. The Department of Environmental Protection and the South Florida Water Management District shall give preference to those Everglades restoration projects that reduce harmful discharges of water from Lake Okeechobee to the St. Lucie or Caloosahatchee estuaries in a timely manner. For the purpose of performing the calculation provided in this subparagraph, the amount of debt service paid pursuant to paragraph (a) for bonds issued after July 1, 2016, for the purposes set forth under paragraph (b) shall be added to the amount remaining after the payments required under paragraph (a). The amount of the distribution calculated shall then be reduced by an amount equal to the debt service paid pursuant to paragraph (a) on bonds issued after July 1, 2016, for the purposes set forth under this subparagraph.

2. A minimum of the lesser of 7.6 percent or \$50 million shall be appropriated annually for spring restoration, protection, and management projects. For the purpose of performing the calculation provided in this subparagraph, the amount of debt service paid pursuant to paragraph (a) for bonds issued after July 1, 2016, for the purposes set forth under

paragraph (b) shall be added to the amount remaining after the payments required under paragraph (a). The amount of the distribution calculated shall then be reduced by an amount equal to the debt service paid pursuant to paragraph (a) on bonds issued after July 1, 2016, for the purposes set forth under this subparagraph.

- 3. The sum of \$5 million shall be appropriated annually each fiscal year through the 2025-2026 fiscal year to the St. Johns River Water Management District for projects dedicated to the restoration of Lake Apopka. This distribution shall be reduced by an amount equal to the debt service paid pursuant to paragraph (a) on bonds issued after July 1, 2016, for the purposes set forth in this subparagraph.
- 4. The sum of \$64 million is appropriated and shall be transferred to the Everglades Trust Fund for the 2018-2019 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter, for the EAA reservoir project pursuant to s. 373.4598. Any funds remaining in any fiscal year shall be made available only for Phase II of the C-51 reservoir project or projects identified in subparagraph 1. and must be used in accordance with laws relating to such projects. Any funds made available for such purposes in a fiscal year are in addition to the amount appropriated under subparagraph 1. This distribution shall be reduced by an amount equal to the debt service paid pursuant to paragraph (a) on bonds issued after July 1, 2017, for the purposes set forth in this subparagraph.
- 5. Notwithstanding subparagraph 3, for the 2018-2019 fiscal year, funds shall be appropriated as provided in the General

Appropriations Act. This subparagraph expires July 1, 2019.

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Section 9. In order to implement specific appropriations from the land acquisition trust funds within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of State, and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission which are contained in the 2018-2019 General Appropriations Act, subsection (3) of section 215.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.18 Transfers between funds; limitation.-

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (1) and only with respect to a land acquisition trust fund in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of State, or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, whenever there is a deficiency in a land acquisition trust fund which would render that trust fund temporarily insufficient to meet its just requirements, including the timely payment of appropriations from that trust fund, and other trust funds in the State Treasury have moneys that are for the time being or otherwise in excess of the amounts necessary to meet the just requirements, including appropriated obligations, of those other trust funds, the Governor may order a temporary transfer of moneys from one or more of the other trust funds to a land acquisition trust fund in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of State, or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. Any action proposed pursuant to this subsection is subject to the notice, review, and objection procedures of s. 216.177, and the Governor shall provide notice

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of such action at least 7 days before the effective date of the transfer of trust funds, except that during July 2018 2017, notice of such action shall be provided at least 3 days before the effective date of a transfer unless such 3-day notice is waived by the chair and vice-chair of the Legislative Budget Commission. Any transfer of trust funds to a land acquisition trust fund in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of State, or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission must be repaid to the trust funds from which the moneys were loaned by the end of the 2018-2019 2017-2018 fiscal year. The Legislature has determined that the repayment of the other trust fund moneys temporarily loaned to a land acquisition trust fund in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of State, or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission pursuant to this subsection is an allowable use of the moneys in a land acquisition trust fund because the moneys from other trust funds temporarily loaned to a land acquisition trust fund shall be expended solely and exclusively in accordance with s. 28, Art. X of the State Constitution. This subsection expires July 1, 2019 2018.

Section 10. (1) In order to implement specific appropriations from the land acquisition trust funds within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of State, and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission which are contained in the 2018-2019 2017-2018 General Appropriations Act, the

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Department of Environmental Protection shall transfer revenues from the Land Acquisition Trust Fund within the department to the land acquisition trust funds within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of State, and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, as provided in this section. As used in this section, the term "department" means the Department of Environmental Protection.

- (2) After subtracting any required debt service payments, the proportionate share of revenues to be transferred to each land acquisition trust fund shall be calculated by dividing the appropriations from each of the land acquisition trust funds for the fiscal year by the total appropriations from the Land Acquisition Trust Fund within the department and the land acquisition trust funds within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of State, and the Fish and Wildlife Commission for the fiscal year. The department shall transfer the proportionate share of the revenues in the Land Acquisition Trust Fund within the department on a monthly basis to the appropriate land acquisition trust funds within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of State, and the Fish and Wildlife Commission and shall retain its proportionate share of the revenues in the Land Acquisition Trust Fund within the department. Total distributions to a land acquisition trust fund within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of State, and the Fish and Wildlife Commission may not exceed the total appropriations from such trust fund for the fiscal year.
 - (3) This section expires July 1, 2019 2018.

392	Section 11. <u>In order to implement Specific Appropriations</u>
393	193 through 220 and 524 of the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General
394	Appropriations Act and notwithstanding ss. 216.181 and 216.292,
395	Florida Statutes, the Agency for Health Care Administration, in
396	consultation with the Department of Health, may submit a budget
397	amendment, subject to the notice, review, and objection
398	procedures of s. 216.177, Florida Statutes, to realign funding
399	within and between agencies based on implementation of the
100	Managed Medical Assistance component of the Statewide Medicaid
101	Managed Care program for the Children's Medical Services program
102	of the Department of Health. The funding realignment shall
103	reflect the actual enrollment changes due to the transfer of
104	beneficiaries from fee-for-service to the capitated Children's
105	Medical Services Network. The Agency for Health Care
106	Administration may submit a request for nonoperating budget
107	authority to transfer the federal funds to the Department of
108	Health pursuant to s. 216.181(12), Florida Statutes. This
109	section expires July 1, 2019.
110	Section 12. In order to implement Specific Appropriations
111	2758 through 2770 of the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General
112	Appropriations Act and notwithstanding rule 60A-1.031, Florida
113	Administrative Code, the transaction fee collected for use of
114	the online procurement system, authorized in ss. 287.042(1)(h)1.
115	and 287.057(22)(c), Florida Statutes, shall be seven-tenths of 1
116	percent for the 2018-2019 fiscal year only. This section expires
117	July 1, 2019.
118	Section 13. In order to implement the appropriation of funds
119	in the appropriation category "Data Processing Assessment -

120	Agency for State Technology" in the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General
121	Appropriations Act, and pursuant to the notice, review, and
122	objection procedures of s. 216.177, Florida Statutes, the
123	Executive Office of the Governor may transfer funds appropriated
124	in that category between departments in order to align the
125	budget authority granted based on the estimated billing cycle
126	and methodology used by the Agency for State Technology. This
127	section expires July 1, 2019.
128	Section 14. In order to implement appropriations authorized
129	in the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations Act for data
130	center services, and notwithstanding s. 216.292(2)(a), Florida
131	Statutes, an agency may not transfer funds from a data
132	processing category to a category other than another data
133	processing category. This section expires July 1, 2019.
134	Section 15. In order to implement Specific Appropriations
135	1104 through 1115 of the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General
136	Appropriations Act, the Department of Juvenile Justice is
137	required to review county juvenile detention payments for the
138	purpose of ensuring that counties fulfill their financial
139	responsibilities required in s. 985.686, Florida Statutes. If
140	the Department of Juvenile Justice determines that a county has
141	not met its obligations, the department shall direct the
142	Department of Revenue to deduct the amount owed to the
143	Department of Juvenile Justice from the funds provided to the
144	county under s. 218.23, Florida Statutes. The Department of
145	Revenue shall transfer the funds withheld to the Shared
146	County/State Juvenile Detention Trust Fund. This subsection
147	expires July 1, 2019.

Section 16. In order to implement Specific Appropriations

1104 through 1115 of the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General

Appropriations Act, the Department of Juvenile Justice may not provide, make, pay, or deduct, and a nonfiscally constrained county may not apply, deduct, or receive any reimbursement or any credit for any previous overpayment of juvenile detention care costs related to or for any previous state fiscal year, against the juvenile detention care costs due from the nonfiscally constrained county in the 2018-2019 fiscal year pursuant to s. 985.686, Florida Statutes, or any other law. This section expires July 1, 2019.

Section 17. In order to implement Specific Appropriations 583 through 698 and 711 through 745 of the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations Act, subsection (4) of section 216.262, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

216.262 Authorized Positions. -

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter relating to increasing the number of authorized positions, and for the 2018-2019 2017-2018 fiscal year only, if the actual inmate population of the Department of Corrections exceeds the inmate population projections of the July 21, 2017 November 29, 2016, Criminal Justice Estimating Conference by 1 percent for 2 consecutive months or 2 percent for any month, the Executive Office of the Governor, with the approval of the Legislative Budget Commission, shall immediately notify the Criminal Justice Estimating Conference, which shall convene as soon as possible to revise the estimates. The Department of Corrections may then submit a budget amendment requesting the establishment of

positions in excess of the number authorized by the Legislature and additional appropriations from unallocated general revenue sufficient to provide for essential staff, fixed capital improvements, and other resources to provide classification, security, food services, health services, and other variable expenses within the institutions to accommodate the estimated increase in the inmate population. All actions taken pursuant to this subsection are subject to review and approval by the Legislative Budget Commission. This subsection expires July 1, 2019 2018.

Section 18. Any section of this act which implements a specific appropriation or specifically identified proviso language in the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations Act is void if the specific appropriation or specifically identified proviso language is vetoed. Any section of this act which implements more than one specific appropriation or more than one portion of specifically identified proviso language in the Fiscal Year 2018-19 General Appropriations Act is void if all the specific appropriations or portions of specifically identified proviso language are vetoed.

Session contains a provision that is substantively the same as a provision in this act, but that removes or is otherwise not subject to the future repeal applied to such provision by this act, the Legislature intends that the provision in the other act takes precedence and continues to operate, notwithstanding the future repeal provided by this act.

Section 20. If any provision of this act or its application

to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

Section 21. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2018; or, if this act fails to become a law until after that date, it shall take effect upon becoming a law and shall operate retroactively to July 1, 2018.

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to statewide travel expenses; 3 amending s. 112.061, F.S.; requiring a statewide 4 travel management system to standardize and 5 automate the travel management to include travel planning and approval, expense reporting, and 6 7 reimbursement; per diem costs for lodging; 8 providing an effective date. 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 112.061, Florida Statutes, are 12 amended to read: 13 112.061 Per diem and travel expenses of public officers, 14 15 employees, and authorized persons. 16 (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.—To prevent inequities, conflicts, 17 inconsistencies, and lapses in the numerous laws regulating or attempting to regulate travel expenses of public officers, 18 19 employees, and authorized persons in the state, it is the intent 20 of the Legislature: 21 (a) To establish standard travel reimbursement rates, 22 procedures, and limitations, with certain justifiable exceptions

Governor's Budget Recommendation Conforming Bill Expand Requirements for Statewide Travel

23	and exemptions, applicable to all public officers, employees,
24	and authorized persons whose travel is authorized and paid by a
25	public agency. There shall be a statewide travel management
26	system. The statewide travel management system shall
27	standardize and automate the travel management to include travel
28	planning and approval, expense reporting, and reimbursement.
29	Executive branch state agencies and the judicial branch must use
30	the system.
31	(6) RATES OF PER DIEM AND SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCEFor purposes of
32	reimbursement rates and methods of calculation, per diem and
33	subsistence allowances are provided as follows:
34	(d) Costs for lodging associated with a meeting,
35	conference, or convention organized or sponsored in whole or in
36	part by a state agency or the judicial branch may not exceed
37	\$150 per day. An employee may expend his or her own funds for
38	any lodging expenses in excess of \$150 per day.
39	Section 2. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the state employees' prescription drug 3 program; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; requiring the 4 Department of Management Services to implement formulary 5 management cost-saving measures; providing requirements for 6 such measures; amending ch. 99-255, Laws of Florida; 7 removing the prohibition on the department from 8 implementing a restricted prescription drug formulary or 9 prior authorization program in the state employees' 10 prescription drug program; providing an effective date. 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 14 Section 1. Subsection (9) is added to section 110.12315, Florida 15 Statutes, to read: 16 110.12315 Prescription drug program. - The state employees' 17 prescription drug program is established. This program shall be 18 administered by the Department of Management Services, according to 19 the terms and conditions of the plan as established by the relevant 20 provisions of the annual General Appropriations Act and implementing 21 legislation, subject to the following conditions: 22 (9) The department shall implement formulary management cost-saving 23 measures. Such measures must require prescription drugs to be subject 24 to formulary inclusion or exclusion and may not restrict access to the 25 most clinically appropriate, clinically effective, and lowest net-cost Page 1 of 2

Governor's Budget Recommendation Conforming Bill Department of Management Services - Formulary Management

prescription drugs. However, excluded drugs may be available for
inclusion if a physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or
physician assistant prescribing a pharmaceutical clearly states on the
prescription that the excluded drug is medically necessary.
Section 2. Section 8 of Chapter 99-255, Laws of Florida, is hereby
repealed.
Section 3 This act shall take effect January 1 2019

Governor's Budget Recommendation Conforming Bill Department of Education - Bright Futures Scholarship Program

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Bright Futures Scholarship Program;

providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1009.22 Workforce education postsecondary student fees.-

(7) Each district school board and Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to establish a

separate fee for technology, not to exceed 5 percent of tuition

per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for resident students and not to exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee

per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident

students. Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be

used to enhance instructional technology resources for students

and faculty and shall not be included in any award under the

Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, except as authorized

for the Florida Academic Scholars award under s. 1009.534. Fifty

percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida

College System institution board of trustees as a dedicated

revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-

purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset

being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may

26 not be bonded.

> Section 2. Subsection (10) of section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.-(10) Each Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to establish a separate fee for technology, which may not exceed 5 percent of tuition per credit hour or credithour equivalent for resident students and may not exceed 5 percent of tuition and the out-of-state fee per credit hour or credit-hour equivalent for nonresident students. Revenues generated from the technology fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The technology fee may apply to both college credit and developmental education and shall not be included in any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award under s. 1009.534. Fifty percent of technology fee revenues may be pledged by a Florida College System institution board of trustees as a dedicated revenue source for the repayment of debt, including lease-purchase agreements, not to exceed the useful life of the asset being financed. Revenues generated from the technology fee may not be bonded.

Section 3. Subsection (13) and paragraph (b) of subsection (16) of section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1009.24 State university student fees.—

(13) Each university board of trustees may establish a technology fee of up to 5 percent of the tuition per credit hour. The revenue from this fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty. The technology fee may not be included in an any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program established pursuant

to ss. 1009.53-1009.538, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award under s. 1009.534.

- (16) Each university board of trustees may establish a tuition differential for undergraduate courses upon receipt of approval from the Board of Governors. However, beginning July 1, 2014, the Board of Governors may only approve the establishment of or an increase in tuition differential for a state research university designated as a preeminent state research university pursuant to s. 1001.7065(3). The tuition differential shall promote improvements in the quality of undergraduate education and shall provide financial aid to undergraduate students who exhibit financial need.
- (b) Each tuition differential is subject to the following conditions:
- 1. The tuition differential may be assessed on one or more undergraduate courses or on all undergraduate courses at a state university.
- 2. The tuition differential may vary by course or courses, by campus or center location, and by institution. Each university board of trustees shall strive to maintain and increase enrollment in degree programs related to math, science, high technology, and other state or regional high-need fields when establishing tuition differentials by course.
- 3. For each state university that is designated as a preeminent state research university by the Board of Governors, pursuant to s. 1001.7065, the aggregate sum of tuition and the tuition differential may be increased by no more than 6 percent of the total charged for the aggregate sum of these fees in the

preceding fiscal year. The tuition differential may be increased if the university meets or exceeds performance standard targets for that university established annually by the Board of Governors for the following performance standards, amounting to no more than a 2-percent increase in the tuition differential for each performance standard:

- a. An increase in the 6-year graduation rate for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System.
 - b. An increase in the total annual research expenditures.
- c. An increase in the total patents awarded by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent years.
- 4. The aggregate sum of undergraduate tuition and fees per credit hour, including the tuition differential, may not exceed the national average of undergraduate tuition and fees at 4-year degree-granting public postsecondary educational institutions.
- 5. The tuition differential shall not be included in any award under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program established pursuant to ss. 1009.53-1009.538, except as authorized for the Florida Academic Scholars award under s. 1009.534.
- Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 1009.534, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1009.534 Florida Academic Scholars award.-
- (2) A Florida Academic Scholar who is enrolled in a certificate, diploma, associate, or baccalaureate degree program at a public or nonpublic postsecondary education institution is eligible, beginning in the fall 2018 academic semester, for an

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113	award equal to the amount required to pay 100 percent of tuition
114	and fees established under ss. 1009.22(3), (5), (6), and (7);
115	1009.23(3), (4) , (7) , (8) , (10) , and (11) ; and $1009.24(4)$, (7) -
116	(13), (14) (r), and (16) , as applicable, and is eligible for an
117	additional \$300 each fall and spring academic semester or the
118	equivalent for textbooks and college-related specified in the
119	General Appropriations Act to assist with the payment of
120	educational expenses.
121	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 5 of 5

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to state university performance funding;

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 1001.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

providing an effective date.

(1) A State University System Performance-Based Incentive shall be awarded to state universities using performance-based metrics adopted by the Board of Governors of the State University System. The performance-based metrics must include 4-year graduation rates; retention rates; postgraduation education rates; degree production; affordability; postgraduation employment and salaries, including wage thresholds that reflect the added value of a baccalaureate degree; access, with benchmarks that reward institutions with access rates at or above 50 percent; and other metrics approved by the board in a formally noticed meeting. The board shall adopt benchmarks to evaluate each state university's performance on the metrics to measure the state university's achievement of institutional excellence or need for improvement and minimum requirements for eligibility to receive performance funding.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to tax administration; amending s. 213.67, F.S., allowing delivery of a notice of levy to levy by regular mail; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 213.67, Florida Statutes are amended to read:

213.67 Garnishment.-

(1) If a person is delinquent in the payment of any taxes, penalties, and interest owed to the department, the executive director or his designee may give notice of the amount of such delinquency by regular registered mail, by personal service, or by electronic means, including but not limited to facsimilie transmissions, electronic data interchange, or use of the Internet, to all persons having possession or under their control any credits or personal property, exclusive of wages, belonging to the delinquent taxpayer, or owing any debts to such delinquent taxpayer at the time of receipt by them of such notice. Thereafter, any person who has been notified may not transfer or make any other disposition of such credits, other personal property, or debts until the executive director or his or her designee consents to the transfer or disposition or until 60 days after the receipt of such notice. However, the credits, other personal property, or debts that exceed the delinquent amount stipulated in the Page 1 of 2

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notice are not subject to this section, wherever held, if the taxpayer does not have a prior history of tax delinquencies. If during the effective period of the notice to withhold, any person so notified makes any transfer or disposition of the property or debts required to be withheld under this section, he or she is liable to the state for any indebtedness owed to the department by the person with respect to whose obligation the notice was given to the extent of the value of the property or the amount of the debts thus transferred or paid if, solely by reason of such transfer or dispotion, the state is unable to recover the indebtedness of the person with respect to whose obligation the notice was given. If the delinquent taxpayer contests the intended levy in circuit court or under Chapter 120, the notice under this section remains effective until that final resolution of the contest. Any financial institution receiving such notice will maintain a right of setoff for any transaction involving a debit card occurring on or before the date of receipt of such notice.

(3) During the last 30 days of the 60-day period set forth in subsection (1), the executive director or his or her designee may levy upon such credits, other personal property, or debts. The levy must be accomplished by delivery of a notice of levy by regular registered mail, upon receipt of which the person possessing the credits, other personal property, or debts shall transfer them to the department or pay to the department the amount owed to the delinquent taxpayer.

Section 2. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to revising mail strategies in the 3 Department of Revenue; amending ss. 61.1301 and 4 409.2574, F.S.; providing for the use of regular mail 5 relating to income deduction orders in alimony or child 6 support cases; providing for the use of regular mail 7 relating to income deduction enforcement in Title IV-D 8 cases; amending ss. 409.256 and 409.2563, F.S.; 9 revising serving notice requirements for genetic 10 testing; revising serving notice requirements for 11 establishing administrative support orders; providing 12 an effective date. 13 14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 15 Section 1. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 61.1301, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 16 61.1301 Income deduction orders.-17 18 (1) ISSUANCE IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN ORDER ESTABLISHING, ENFORCING, OR MODIFYING AN OBLIGATION FOR ALIMONY OR CHILD SUPPORT .--19 (a) Upon the entry of an order establishing, enforcing, or 2.0 21 modifying an obligation for alimony, for child support, or for alimony 22 and child support, other than a temporary order, the court shall enter a separate order for income deduction if one has not been entered. 23 24 Upon the entry of a temporary order establishing support or the entry 25 of a temporary order enforcing or modifying a temporary order of

support, the court may enter a separate order of income deduction. Copies of the orders shall be <u>furnished served on to</u> the obligee and obligor by regular mail. If the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation directs that payments be made through the depository, the court shall provide to the depository a copy of the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation. If the obligee is a recipient of Title IV-D services, the court shall furnish to the Title IV-D agency a copy of the income deduction order and the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation.

- 1. In Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency may implement income deduction after receiving a copy of an order from the court under this paragraph or a forwarding agency under UIFSA, URESA, or RURESA by issuing an income deduction notice to the payor.
- 2. The income deduction notice must state that it is based upon a valid support order and that it contains an income deduction requirement or upon a separate income deduction order. The income deduction notice must contain the notice to payor provisions specified by paragraph (2)(e). The income deduction notice must contain the following information from the income deduction order upon which the notice is based: the case number, the court that entered the order, and the date entered.
- 3. Payors shall deduct support payments from income, as specified in the income deduction notice, in the manner provided under paragraph (2)(e).
 - 4. In non-Title IV-D cases, the income deduction notice must be

accompanied by a copy of the support order upon which the notice is based. In Title IV-D cases, upon request of a payor, the Title IV-D agency shall furnish the payor a copy of the income deduction order.

- 5. If a support order entered before January 1, 1994, in a non-Title IV-D case does not specify income deduction, income deduction may be initiated upon a delinquency without the need for any amendment to the support order or any further action by the court. In such case the obligee may implement income deduction by serving a notice of delinquency on the obligor as provided for under paragraph (f).
 - (b) The income deduction order shall:

- 1. Direct a payor to deduct from all income due and payable to an obligor the amount required by the court to meet the obligor's support obligation including any attorney's fees or costs owed and forward the deducted amount pursuant to the order.
- 2. State the amount of arrearage owed, if any, and direct a payor to withhold an additional 20 percent or more of the periodic amount specified in the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation, until full payment is made of any arrearage, attorney's fees and costs owed, provided no deduction shall be applied to attorney's fees and costs until the full amount of any arrearage is paid.
- 3. Provide that if a delinquency accrues after the order establishing, modifying, or enforcing the obligation has been entered and there is no order for repayment of the delinquency or a preexisting arrearage, a payor shall deduct an additional 20 percent

of the current support obligation or other amount agreed to by the parties until the delinquency and any attorney's fees and costs are paid in full. No deduction may be applied to attorney's fees and costs until the delinquency is paid in full.

- 4. Direct a payor not to deduct in excess of the amounts allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as amended.
- 5. Direct whether a payor shall deduct all, a specified portion, or no income which is paid in the form of a bonus or other similar one-time payment, up to the amount of arrearage reported in the income deduction notice or the remaining balance thereof, and forward the payment to the governmental depository. For purposes of this subparagraph, "bonus" means a payment in addition to an obligor's usual compensation and which is in addition to any amounts contracted for or otherwise legally due and shall not include any commission payments due an obligor.
- 6. In Title IV-D cases, direct a payor to provide to the court depository the date on which each deduction is made.
- 7. In Title IV-D cases, if an obligation to pay current support is reduced or terminated due to emancipation of a child and the obligor owes an arrearage, retroactive support, delinquency, or costs, direct the payor to continue the income deduction at the rate in effect immediately prior to emancipation until all arrearages, retroactive support, delinquencies, and costs are paid in full or until the amount of withholding is modified.

- 8. Direct that, at such time as the State Disbursement Unit becomes operational, all payments in those cases in which the obligee is receiving Title IV-D services and in those cases in which the obligee is not receiving Title IV-D services in which the initial support order was issued in this state on or after January 1, 1994, and in which the obligor's child support obligation is being paid through income deduction, be made payable to and delivered to the State Disbursement Unit. Notwithstanding any other statutory provision to the contrary, funds received by the State Disbursement Unit shall be held, administered, and disbursed by the State Disbursement Unit pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- (c) The income deduction order is effective immediately unless the court upon good cause shown finds that the income deduction order shall be effective upon a delinquency in an amount specified by the court but not to exceed 1 month's payment, pursuant to the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation. In order to find good cause, the court must at a minimum make written findings that:
- 1. Explain why implementing immediate income deduction would not be in the child's best interest;
- 2. There is proof of timely payment of the previously ordered obligation without an income deduction order in cases of modification; and
- 3. a. There is an agreement by the obligor to advise the IV-D agency and court depository of any change in payor and health insurance; or

b. There is a signed written agreement providing an alternative arrangement between the obligor and the obligee and, at the option of the IV-D agency, by the IV-D agency in IV-D cases in which there is an assignment of support rights to the state, reviewed and entered in the record by the court.

- (d) The income deduction order shall be effective as long as the order upon which it is based is effective or until further order of the court. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, at such time as the State Disbursement Unit becomes operational, in those cases in which the obligee is receiving Title IV-D services and in those cases in which the obligee is not receiving Title IV-D services in which the initial support order was issued in this state on or after January 1, 1994, and in which the obligor's child support obligation is being paid through income deduction, such payments shall be made payable to and delivered to the State Disbursement Unit.
- (e) When the court orders the income deduction to be effective immediately, the court shall furnish to the obligor a statement of his or her rights, remedies, and duties in regard to the income deduction order. The statement shall state:
 - 1. All fees or interest which shall be imposed.
- 2. The total amount of income to be deducted for each pay period until the arrearage, if any, is paid in full and shall state the total amount of income to be deducted for each pay period thereafter. The amounts deducted may not be in excess of that allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as

amended.

- 3. That the income deduction order applies to current and subsequent payors and periods of employment.
- 4. That a copy of the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, the income deduction notice will be <u>provided to</u> served on the obligor's payor or payors by regular mail.
- 5. That enforcement of the income deduction order may only be contested on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the amount owed pursuant to the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation, the arrearages, or the identity of the obligor, the payor, or the obligee.
- 6. That the obligor is required to notify the obligee and, when the obligee is receiving IV-D services, the IV-D agency within 7 days of changes in the obligor's address, payors, and the addresses of his or her payors.
- 7. That in a Title IV-D case, if an obligation to pay current support is reduced or terminated due to emancipation of a child and the obligor owes an arrearage, retroactive support, delinquency, or costs, income deduction continues at the rate in effect immediately prior to emancipation until all arrearages, retroactive support, delinquencies, and costs are paid in full or until the amount of withholding is modified.
- (f) If a support order was entered before January 1, 1994, the court orders the income deduction to be effective upon a delinquency as provided in paragraph (c), or a delinquency has accrued under an

order entered before July 1, 2006, that established, modified, or enforced the obligation and there is no order for repayment of the delinquency or a preexisting arrearage, the obligee or, in Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency may enforce the income deduction by serving a notice of delinquency by regular mail on the obligor under this paragraph. Service of the notice is complete upon mailing.

1. The notice of delinquency shall state:

- a. The terms of the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obliqation.
- b. The period of delinquency and the total amount of the delinquency as of the date the notice is mailed.
 - c. All fees or interest which may be imposed.
- d. The total amount of income to be deducted for each pay period until the arrearage, and all applicable fees and interest, is paid in full and shall state the total amount of income to be deducted for each pay period thereafter. The amounts deducted may not be in excess of that allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as amended.
- e. That the income deduction order applies to current and subsequent payors and periods of employment.
- f. That a copy of the notice of delinquency will be served on provided by regular mail to the obligor's payor or payors, together with a copy of the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, the income deduction notice, unless the obligor applies to the court to contest enforcement of the income deduction. If the income deduction

order being enforced was rendered by the Title IV-D agency pursuant to s. 409.2563 and the obligor contests the deduction, the obligor shall file a petition for an administrative hearing with the Title IV-D agency. The application or petition shall be filed within 15 days after the date the notice of delinquency was served mailed.

- g. That enforcement of the income deduction order may only be contested on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the amount owed pursuant to the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation, the amount of arrearages, or the identity of the obligor, the payor, or the obligee.
- h. That the obligor is required to notify the obligee of the obligor's current address and current payors and of the address of current payors. All changes shall be reported by the obligor within 7 days. If the IV-D agency is enforcing the order, the obligor shall make these notifications to the agency instead of to the obligee.
- 2. The failure of the obligor to receive the notice of delinquency does not preclude subsequent service by regular mail of the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, the income deduction notice on the obligor's payor. A notice of delinquency which fails to state an arrearage does not mean that an arrearage is not owed.
- (g) At any time, any party, including the IV-D agency, may apply to the court to:
- 1. Modify, suspend, or terminate the income deduction order in accordance with a modification, suspension, or termination of the

support provisions in the underlying order; or

- 2. Modify the amount of income deducted when the arrearage has been paid.
 - (2) Enforcement of income deduction orders.--
- (a) The obligee or his or her agent shall serve an income deduction order and notice to payor, or, in Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency shall issue an income deduction notice, and in the case of a delinquency a notice of delinquency, on the obligor's payor by regular mail unless the obligor has applied for a hearing to contest the enforcement of the income deduction pursuant to paragraph (c).
- (b)1. <u>Unless otherwise provided</u>, <u>s</u>Service by or upon any person who is a party to a proceeding under this section shall be made in the manner prescribed in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for service upon parties.
- 2. Service upon an obligor's payor or successor payor under this section shall be made by prepaid certified regular mail, return receipt requested, or in the manner prescribed in chapter 48.
- (c)1. The obligor, within 15 days after service of a notice of delinquency, may apply for a hearing to contest the enforcement of the income deduction on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the amount owed pursuant to an order establishing, enforcing, or modifying an obligation for alimony, for child support, or for alimony and child support, the amount of the arrearage, or the identity of the obligor, the payor, or the obligee. The obligor shall send a copy of the

pleading to the obligee and, if the obligee is receiving IV-D services, to the IV-D agency. The timely filing of the pleading shall stay service by regular mail of an income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice on all payors of the obligor until a hearing is held and a determination is made as to whether enforcement of the income deduction order is proper. The payment of a delinquent obligation by an obligor upon entry of an income deduction order shall not preclude service by regular mail of the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, an income deduction notice on the obligor's payor.

- 2. When an obligor timely requests a hearing to contest enforcement of an income deduction order, the court, after due notice to all parties and the IV-D agency if the obligee is receiving IV-D services, shall hear the matter within 20 days after the application is filed. The court shall enter an order resolving the matter within 10 days after the hearing. A copy of this order shall be served on provided by regular mail to the parties and the IV-D agency if the obligee is receiving IV-D services. If the court determines that income deduction is proper, it shall specify the date the income deduction order must be served by regular mail on the obligor's payor.
- (d) When a court determines that an income deduction order is proper pursuant to paragraph (c), the obligee or his or her agent shall <u>furnish</u> cause a copy of the notice of delinquency to be served on the obligor's payors by regular mail. A copy of the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice, and

in the case of a delinquency a notice of delinquency, shall also be furnished to the obligor.

- (e) Notice to payor and income deduction notice. The notice to payor or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice shall contain only information necessary for the payor to comply with the order providing for income deduction. The notice shall:
 - 1. Provide the obligor's social security number.

- 2. Require the payor to deduct from the obligor's income the amount specified in the income deduction order, and in the case of a delinquency the amount specified in the notice of delinquency, and to pay that amount to the obligee or to the depository, as appropriate.

 The amount actually deducted plus all administrative charges shall not be in excess of the amount allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b);
- 3. Instruct the payor to implement income deduction no later than the first payment date which occurs more than 14 days after the date the income deduction notice was served on the payor, and the payor shall conform the amount specified in the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice to the obligor's pay cycle. The court should request at the time of the order that the payment cycle reflect that of the payor;
- 4. Instruct the payor to forward, within 2 days after each date the obligor is entitled to payment from the payor, to the obligee or to the depository the amount deducted from the obligor's income, a statement as to whether the amount totally or partially satisfies the

periodic amount specified in the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice, and the specific date each deduction is made. If the IV-D agency is enforcing the order, the payor shall make these notifications to the agency instead of the obligee;

- 5. Specify that if a payor fails to deduct the proper amount from the obligor's income, the payor is liable for the amount the payor should have deducted, plus costs, interest, and reasonable attorney's fees;
- 6. Provide that the payor may collect up to \$5 against the obligor's income to reimburse the payor for administrative costs for the first income deduction and up to \$2 for each deduction thereafter;
- 7. State that the notice to payor or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice, and in the case of a delinquency the notice of delinquency, are binding on the payor until further notice by the obligee, IV-D agency, or the court or until the payor no longer provides income to the obligor;
- 8. Instruct the payor that, when he or she no longer provides income to the obligor, he or she shall notify the obligee and shall also provide the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's new payor, if known; and that, if the payor violates this provision, the payor is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation. If the IV-D agency is enforcing the order, the payor shall make these notifications to the agency instead of to the obligee. Penalties shall

be paid to the obligee or the IV-D agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction order;

- 9. State that the payor shall not discharge, refuse to employ, or take disciplinary action against an obligor because of the requirement for income deduction and shall state that a violation of this provision subjects the payor to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation. Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction, if any alimony or child support obligation is owing. If no alimony or child support obligation is owing, the penalty shall be paid to the obligor;
- 10. State that an obligor may bring a civil action in the courts of this state against a payor who refuses to employ, discharges, or otherwise disciplines an obligor because of income deduction. The obligor is entitled to reinstatement and all wages and benefits lost, plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred;
- 11. Inform the payor that the requirement for income deduction has priority over all other legal processes under state law pertaining to the same income and that payment, as required by the notice to payor or income deduction notice, is a complete defense by the payor against any claims of the obligor or his or her creditors as to the sum paid;
- 12. Inform the payor that, when the payor receives notices to payor or income deduction notices requiring that the income of two or more obligors be deducted and sent to the same depository, the payor

may combine the amounts that are to be paid to the depository in a single payment as long as the payments attributable to each obligor are clearly identified;

- 13. Inform the payor that if the payor receives more than one notice to payor or income deduction notice against the same obligor, the payor shall contact the court or, in Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency for further instructions. Upon being so contacted, the court or, in Title IV-D cases when all the cases upon which the notices are based are Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency shall allocate amounts available for income deduction as provided in subsection (4); and
- 14. State that in a Title IV-D case, if an obligation to pay current support is reduced or terminated due to the emancipation of a child and the obligor owes an arrearage, retroactive support, delinquency, or costs, income deduction continues at the rate in effect immediately prior to emancipation until all arrearages, retroactive support, delinquencies, and costs are paid in full or until the amount of withholding is modified.
- (f) At any time an income deduction order is being enforced, the obligor may apply to the court for a hearing to contest the continued enforcement of the income deduction on the same grounds set out in paragraph (c), with a copy to the obligee and, in IV-D cases, to the IV-D agency. If the income deduction order being enforced was rendered by the IV-D agency pursuant to s. 409.2563 and the obligor contests the withholding, the obligor shall file a petition for an

administrative hearing with the IV-D agency. The application or petition does not affect the continued enforcement of the income deduction until the court or IV-D agency, if applicable, enters an order granting relief to the obligor. The obligee or the IV-D agency is released from liability for improper receipt of moneys pursuant to an income deduction order upon return to the appropriate party of any moneys received.

- (g) An obligee or his or her agent shall enforce an income deduction order against an obligor's successor payor who is located in this state in the same manner prescribed in this section for the enforcement of an income deduction order against a payor.
- (h)1. When an income deduction order is to be enforced against a payor located outside the state, the obligee who is receiving IV-D services or his or her agent shall promptly request the agency responsible for income deduction in the other state to enforce the income deduction order. The request shall contain all information necessary to enforce the income deduction order, including the amount to be periodically deducted, a copy of the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation, and a statement of arrearages, if applicable.
- 2. When the IV-D agency is requested by the agency responsible for income deduction in another state to enforce an income deduction order against a payor located in this state for the benefit of an obligee who is being provided IV-D services by the agency in the other state, the IV-D agency shall act promptly pursuant to the applicable

401 provisions of this section.

- 3. When an obligor who is subject to an income deduction order enforced against a payor located in this state for the benefit of an obligee who is being provided IV-D services by the agency responsible for income deduction in another state terminates his or her relationship with his or her payor, the IV-D agency shall notify the agency in the other state and provide it with the name and address of the obligor and the address of any new payor of the obligor, if known.
- 4. a. The procedural rules and laws of this state govern the procedural aspects of income deduction whenever the agency responsible for income deduction in another state requests the enforcement of an income deduction order in this state.
- b. Except with respect to when withholding must be implemented, which is controlled by the state where the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation was entered, the substantive law of this state shall apply whenever the agency responsible for income deduction in another state requests the enforcement of an income deduction in this state.
- c. When the IV-D agency is requested by an agency responsible for income deduction in another state to implement income deduction against a payor located in this state for the benefit of an obligee who is being provided IV-D services by the agency in the other state or when the IV-D agency in this state initiates an income deduction request on behalf of an obligee receiving IV-D services in this state against a payor in another state, pursuant to this section or the

Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, the IV-D agency shall file the interstate income deduction documents, or an affidavit of such request when the income deduction documents are not available, with the depository and if the IV-D agency in this state is responding to a request from another state, provide copies to the payor and obligor in accordance with subsection (1). The depository created pursuant to s. 61.181 shall accept the interstate income deduction documents or affidavit and shall establish an account for the receipt and disbursement of child support or child support and alimony payments and advise the IV-D agency of the account number in writing within 2 days after receipt of the documents or affidavit.

- (i) Certified copies of payment records maintained by a depository shall, without further proof, be admitted into evidence in any legal proceeding in this state.
- (j)1. A person may not discharge, refuse to employ, or take disciplinary action against an employee because of the enforcement of an income deduction order. An employer who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation. Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction, if any alimony or child support is owing. If no alimony or child support is owing, the penalty shall be paid to the obligor.
- 2. An employee may bring a civil action in the courts of this state against an employer who refuses to employ, discharges, or otherwise disciplines an employee because of an income deduction

order. The employee is entitled to reinstatement and all wages and benefits lost plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred.

- (k) When a payor no longer provides income to an obligor, he or she shall notify the obligee and, if the obligee is a IV-D applicant, the IV-D agency and shall also provide the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's new payor, if known. A payor who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for a subsequent violation. Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction order.
- (3)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that this section may be used to collect arrearages in child support or in alimony payments.
- (b) In a Title IV-D case, if an obligation to pay current support is reduced or terminated due to the emancipation of a child and the obligor owes an arrearage, retroactive support, delinquency, or costs, income deduction continues at the rate in effect immediately prior to emancipation until all arrearages, retroactive support, delinquencies, and costs are paid in full or until the amount of withholding is modified. Any income-deducted amount that is in excess of the obligation to pay current support shall be credited against the arrearages, retroactive support, delinquency, and costs owed by the obligor. The department shall send notice of this requirement by regular mail to the payor and the depository operated pursuant to s. 61.181, and the notice shall state the amount of the obligation to pay current support, if any, and the amount owed for arrearages,

retroactive support, delinquency, and costs. For income deduction orders entered before July 1, 2004, which do not include this requirement, the department shall send by regular certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt requested, to the obligor at the most recent address provided by the obligor to the tribunal that issued the order or a more recent address if known, notice of this requirement, that the obligor may contest the withholding as provided by paragraph (2)(f), and that the obligor may request the tribunal that issued the income deduction to modify the amount of the withholding. This paragraph provides an additional remedy for collection of unpaid support and applies to cases in which a support order or income deduction order was entered before, on, or after July 1, 2004.

(c) If a delinquency accrues after an order establishing, modifying, or enforcing a support obligation has been entered, an income deduction order entered after July 1, 2006, is in effect, and there is no order for repayment of the delinquency or a preexisting arrearage, a payor who is served with receives an income deduction order or, in a Title IV-D case, an income deduction notice shall deduct an additional 20 percent of the current support obligation or other amount agreed to by the parties until the delinquency and any attorney's fees and costs are paid in full. No deduction may be applied to attorney's fees and costs until the delinquency is paid in full.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 409.2574, Florida Statutes,

is amended to read:

409.2574 Income deduction enforcement in Title IV-D cases.-

- (2)(a) In a support order being enforced under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act and which order does not specify income deduction, income deduction shall be enforced by the department or its designee without the need for any amendment to the support order or any further action by the court.
- (b) The department shall serve a notice on the obligor that the income deduction notice has been served on the employers. Service upon an obligor under this section shall be made by regular mail to the obligor's last known address of record with the local depository or a more recent address if known. in the manner prescribed in chapter 48. The department shall furnish to the obligor a statement of the obligor's rights, remedies, and duties in regard to the income deduction.
- (c) The obligor has 15 days from the <u>mailing serving</u> of the notice to <u>file a request for a hearing</u> with the department to contest enforcement of income deduction.
- (d) The department shall adopt rules to ensure that applicable provisions of s. 61.1301 are followed.
- Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 409.256, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 409.256 Administrative proceeding to establish paternity or paternity and child support; order to appear for genetic testing.—

 (4) NOTICE OF PROCEEDING TO ESTABLISH PATERNITY OR PATERNITY AND

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CHILD SUPPORT; ORDER TO APPEAR FOR GENETIC TESTING; MANNER OF SERVICE; CONTENTS.—The Department of Revenue shall commence a proceeding to determine paternity, or a proceeding to determine both paternity and child support, by serving the respondent with a notice as provided in this section. An order to appear for genetic testing may be served at the same time as a notice of the proceeding or may be served separately. A copy of the affidavit or written declaration upon which the proceeding is based shall be provided to the respondent when notice is served. A notice or order to appear for genetic testing shall be served by certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt requested, or in accordance with the requirements for service of process in a civil action. Service by certified mail is completed when the certified mail is received or refused by the addressee or by an authorized agent as designated by the addressee in writing. If a person other than the addressee signs the return receipt, the department shall attempt to reach the addressee by telephone to confirm whether the notice was received, and the department shall document any telephonic communications. If someone other than the addressee signs the return receipt, the addressee does not respond to the notice, and the department is unable to confirm that the addressee has received the notice, service is not completed and the department shall attempt to have the addressee served personally. For purposes of this section, an employee or an authorized agent of the department may serve the notice or order to appear for genetic testing and execute an affidavit of service. The department may serve an order to appear for

551 genetic testing on a caregiver. The department shall provide a copy of 552 the notice or order to appear by regular mail to the mother and 553 caregiver, if they are not respondents. 554 Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 409.2563 is amended to read: 555 409.2563 Administrative establishment of child support 556 obligations.-557 (4) NOTICE OF PROCEEDING TO ESTABLISH ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ORDER.-558 To commence a proceeding under this section, the department shall 559 provide to the parent from whom support is not being sought and serve 560 the parent from whom support is being sought with a notice of 561 proceeding to establish administrative support order and a blank 562 financial affidavit form. The notice must state: 563 (a) The names of both parents, the name of the caregiver, if any, and 564 the name and date of birth of the child or children; 565 (b) That the department intends to establish an administrative support order as defined in this section; 566 567 (c) That both parents must submit a completed financial affidavit to 568 the department within 20 days after receiving the notice, as provided 569 by paragraph (13)(a); 570 (d) That both parents, or parent and caregiver if applicable, are 571 required to furnish to the department information regarding their identities and locations, as provided by paragraph (13)(b); 572 573 (e) That both parents, or parent and caregiver if applicable, are 574 required to promptly notify the department of any change in their 575 mailing addresses to ensure receipt of all subsequent pleadings,

notices, and orders, as provided by paragraph (13)(c);

- (f) That the department will calculate support obligations based on the child support guidelines schedule in s. 61.30 and using all available information, as provided by paragraph (5)(a), and will incorporate such obligations into a proposed administrative support order;
- (g) That the department will send by regular mail to both parents, or parent and caregiver if applicable, a copy of the proposed administrative support order, the department's child support worksheet, and any financial affidavits submitted by a parent or prepared by the department;
- (h) That the parent from whom support is being sought may file a request for a hearing in writing within 20 days after the date of mailing or other service of the proposed administrative support order or will be deemed to have waived the right to request a hearing;
- (i) That if the parent from whom support is being sought does not file a timely request for hearing after service of the proposed administrative support order, the department will issue an administrative support order that incorporates the findings of the proposed administrative support order, and will send by regular mail a copy of the administrative support order to both parents, or parent and caregiver if applicable;
- (j) That after an administrative support order is rendered, the department will file a copy of the order with the clerk of the circuit court;

(k) That after an administrative support order is rendered, the department may enforce the administrative support order by any lawful means;

- (1) That either parent, or caregiver if applicable, may file at any time a civil action in a circuit court having jurisdiction and proper venue to determine parental support obligations, if any, and that a support order issued by a circuit court supersedes an administrative support order rendered by the department;
- (m)That neither the department nor the Division of Administrative

 Hearings has jurisdiction to award or change child custody or rights

 of parental contact or time-sharing, and these issues may be addressed
 only in circuit court.
- 1. The parent from whom support is being sought may request in writing that the department proceed in circuit court to determine his or her support obligations.
- 2. The parent from whom support is being sought may state in writing to the department his or her intention to address issues concerning custody or rights to parental contact in circuit court.
- 3. If the parent from whom support is being sought submits the request authorized in subparagraph 1., or the statement authorized in subparagraph 2. to the department within 20 days after the receipt of the initial notice, the department shall file a petition in circuit court for the determination of the parent's child support obligations, and shall send to the parent from whom support is being sought a copy of its petition, a notice of commencement of action, and a request for

waiver of service of process as provided in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.

- 4. If, within 10 days after receipt of the department's petition and waiver of service, the parent from whom support is being sought signs and returns the waiver of service form to the department, the department shall terminate the administrative proceeding without prejudice and proceed in circuit court.
- 5. In any circuit court action filed by the department pursuant to this paragraph or filed by a parent from whom support is being sought or other person pursuant to paragraph (1) or paragraph (n), the department shall be a party only with respect to those issues of support allowed and reimbursable under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. It is the responsibility of the parent from whom support is being sought or other person to take the necessary steps to present other issues for the court to consider.
- (n) That if the parent from whom support is being sought files an action in circuit court and serves the department with a copy of the petition within 20 days after being served notice under this subsection, the administrative process ends without prejudice and the action must proceed in circuit court;
- (o) Information provided by the Office of State Courts Administrator concerning the availability and location of self-help programs for those who wish to file an action in circuit court but who cannot afford an attorney.
- 650 The department may serve the notice of proceeding to establish

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administrative support order by certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt requested. Alternatively, the department may serve the notice by any means permitted for service of process in a civil action. For purposes of this section, an authorized employee of the department may serve the notice and execute an affidavit of service. Service by certified mail is completed when the certified mail is received or refused by the addressee or by an authorized agent as designated by the addressee in writing. If a person other than the addressee signs the return receipt, the department shall attempt to reach the addressee by telephone to confirm whether the notice was received, and the department shall document any telephonic communications. If someone other than the addressee signs the return receipt, the addressee does not respond to the notice, and the department is unable to confirm that the addressee has received the notice, service is not completed and the department shall attempt to have the addressee served personally. The department shall provide the parent from whom support is not being sought or the caregiver with a copy of the notice by regular mail to the last known address of the parent from whom support is not being sought or caregiver Section 5. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

A bill to be entitled

exemption from the sales and use tax for the retail sale

An act relating to a sales tax holiday; providing an

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of certain clothing, school supplies, and personal computers and personal computer-related accessories during a specified period; providing exceptions to the exemption; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing an appropriation to the department for implementation purposes; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. <u>Clothing, school supplies, and personal</u>
 computers and personal computer-related accessories sales tax
 holiday.-
- (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on August 3, 2018, through 11:59 p.m. on August 12, 2018, on the retail sale of:
- (a) Clothing, wallets, or bags, including handbags, backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags, having a sales price of \$60 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the term "clothing" means:
- 1. Any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on or about the human body, excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry, umbrellas, and handkerchiefs; and

2. All footwear, excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades, and skates.

- (b) School supplies having a sales price of \$15 or less per item. As used in this paragraph, the term school supplies means pens, pencils, erasers, crayons, notebooks, notebook filler paper, legal pads, binders, lunch boxes, construction paper, markers, folders, poster board, composition books, poster paper, scissors, cellophane tape, glue or paste, rulers, computer disks, protractors, compasses, and calculators.
- (2) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on August 3, 2018, through 11:59 p.m. on August 12, 2018, on personal computers or personal computer-related accessories purchased for noncommercial home or personal use and having a sales price of \$1000 or less per item. For purposes of this subsection, the term:
- (a) "Personal computers" includes electronic book readers, laptops, desktops, handhelds, tablets, or tower computers. The term does not include cellular telephones, video game consoles, digital media receivers, or devices that are not primarily designed to process data.
- (b) "Personal computer-related accessories" includes keyboards, mice, personal digital assistants, monitors, other peripheral devices, modems, routers, and non-recreational software, regardless of whether the accessories are used in association with a personal computer base unit. The term does not include furniture or systems, devices, software, or

peripherals that are designed or intended primarily for recreational use.

- (c) "Monitors" does not include devices that include a television tuner.
- (3) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 30.27(2), Florida Statutes.
- (4) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
- (5) For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the sum of \$243,814 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of implementing this section.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to sales and use tax exemptions; providing 3 a sales and use tax exemption for certain tangible 4 personal property related to disaster preparedness during 5 specified periods; providing exceptions; authorizing the 6 Department of Revenue to adopt rules to implement the 7 exemption; providing an expiration date; providing an 8 effective date. 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Disaster preparedness supplies; sales tax 13 holiday.-14 (1) The tax levied under chapter 212, Florida Statutes, may 15 not be collected during the period from 12:01 a.m. on April 1, 2018, through 11:59 p.m. on April 7, 2018; from 12:01 a.m. on 16 May 1, 2018, through 11:59 p.m. on May 7, 2018; and from 12:01 17 a.m. on June 1, 2018, through 11:59 p.m. on June 7, 2018, on the 18 19 sale of: 20 (a) A portable self-powered light source selling for \$20 or 21 less. 22 (b) A portable self-powered radio, two-way radio, or 23 weather-band radio selling for \$50 or less. (c) A tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting 24 25 selling for \$50 or less. (d) An item normally sold as, or generally advertised as, a 26

(e) A gas or diesel fuel tank selling for \$25 or less.

ground anchor system or tie-down kit selling for \$50 or less.

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- - (h) A portable generator used to provide light or communications or preserve food in the event of a power outage selling for \$750 or less.
 - (i) Reusable ice selling for \$10 or less.

- (2) The Department of Revenue may, and all conditions are deemed met to, adopt emergency rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to administer this section.
- (3) The tax exemptions provided in this section do not apply to sales within a theme park or entertainment complex as defined in s. 509.013(9), Florida Statutes, within a public lodging establishment as defined in s. 509.013(4), Florida Statutes, or within an airport as defined in s. 330.27(2), Florida Statutes.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Governor's Budget Recommendation Conforming Bill

Highway Safety Fee Reduction 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to Department of Highway Safety and 3 Motor Vehicles; amending s. 322.21, F.S.; decreasing driver license and identification card fees; providing 4 5 an effective date. 6 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 8 9 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 322.21, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 322.21 License fees; procedure for handling and collecting 11 12 fees.-

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- (1) Except as otherwise provided herein, the fee for:
- (a) An original or renewal commercial driver license is \$67 \$75, which shall include the fee for driver education provided by s. 1003.48. However, if an applicant has completed training and is applying for employment or is currently employed in a public or nonpublic school system that requires the commercial license, the fee is the same as for a Class E driver license. A delinquent fee of \$15 shall be added for a renewal within 12 months after the license expiration date.
- (b) An original Class E driver license is \$27 \$48, which includes the fee for driver education provided by s. 1003.48. However, if an applicant has completed training and is applying for employment or is currently employed in a public or nonpublic school system that requires a commercial driver license, the fee is the same as for a Class E license.
 - (c) The renewal or extension of a Class E driver license or Page 1 of 2

Governor's Budget Recommendation Conforming Bill Highway Safety Fee Reduction

of a license restricted to motorcycle use only is $$20$ $$48$,
except that a delinquent fee of \$15 shall be added for a renewal
or extension made within 12 months after the license expiration
date. The fee provided in this paragraph includes the fee for
driver education provided by s. 1003.48.

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(d) An original driver license restricted to motorcycle use only is $\frac{$27}{$48}$, which includes the fee for driver education provided by s. 1003.48.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

An act relating to the state judicial system; amending

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A bill to be entitled

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date.

s. 318.14, F.S.; enacting a reduction in penalties for noncriminal traffic infractions for attending a basic driver improvement course; amending s. 28.241, F.S.; amending distribution of fees received from each attorney appearing pro hac vice; amending s. 741.01, F.S.; amending distribution of fees received upon

issuance of a marriage license; providing an effective

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Subsection (9) of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; procedures.-
- (9) Any person who does not hold a commercial driver license or commercial learner's permit and who is cited while driving a noncommercial motor vehicle for an infraction under this section other than a violation of s. 316.183(2), s. 316.187, or s. 316.189 when the driver exceeds the posted
- limit by 30 miles per hour or more, s. 320.0605, s. 320.07(3)(a)
- or (b), s. 322.065, s.322.15(1), s. 322.61, or s. 322.62 may, in
- lieu of a court appearance, elect to attend in the location of
- his or her choice within this state a basic driver improvement
- course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor
- Vehicles. In such a case, adjudication must be withheld; any

Governor's Budget Recommendation Conforming Bill State Courts System

civil penalty that is imposed by s. 318.18(3) must be reduced by 18 percent; and points, as provided by s. 322.27, may not be assessed. However, a person may not make an election under this subsection if the person has made an election under this subsection in the preceding 12 months. A person may not make more than five elections within his or her lifetime under this subsection. The requirement for community service under s. 318.18(8) is not waived by a plea of nolo contendere or by the withholding of adjudication of guilt by a court. If a person makes an election to attend a basic driver improvement course under this subsection, 18 percent of the civil penalty imposed under s. 318.18(3) shall be deposited in the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund; however, that portion is not revenue for purposes of s. 28.36 and may not be used in establishing the budget of the clerk of the court under that section or s. 28.35. Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

318.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.15 Failure to comply with civil penalty or to appear; penalty.-

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(b) However, a person who elects to attend driver improvement school and has paid the civil penalty as provided in s. 318.14(9), but who subsequently fails to attend the driver improvement school within the time specified by the court shall be deemed to have admitted the infraction and shall be adjudicated guilty. In such a case in which there is was an 18percent reduction pursuant to s. 318.14(9) as it existed before February 1, 2009, the person must pay the clerk of the court

that amount and a processing fee of up to \$18, after which no additional penalties, court costs, or surcharges <u>may not shall</u> be imposed for the violation. In all other such cases, the person must pay the clerk a processing fee of up to \$18, after which no additional penalties, court costs, or surcharges <u>may not shall</u> be imposed for the violation. The clerk of the court shall notify the department of the person's failure to attend driver improvement school and points shall be assessed pursuant to s. 322.27.

Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 28.241, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 28.241 Filing fees for trial and appellate proceedings.-
- (6) From each attorney appearing pro hac vice, the clerk of the circuit court shall collect a fee of \$100 for deposit into the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund General Revenue Fund.
- Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 741.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 741.01 County court judge or clerk of the circuit court to issue marriage license; fee.—
- (3) An additional fee of \$25 shall be paid to the clerk upon receipt of the application for issuance of a marriage license. The moneys collected shall be remitted by the clerk to the Department of Revenue, monthly, for deposit in the State Courts Revenue Trust Fund General Revenue Fund.
 - Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to trust funds of the Department 3 of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; terminating 4 the Working Capital Trust Fund; providing an 5 effective date. 6 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 8 9 Section 1. (1) The Working Capital Trust Fund within 10 the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, FLAIR number 76-2-792, is terminated. 11 12 (2) All current balances remaining in, and all 13 revenues of, the trust fund, shall be transferred to the 14 General Revenue Fund. 15 (3) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor 16 Vehicles shall pay any outstanding debts and obligations of 17 the terminated fund as soon as practicable, and the Chief 18 Financial Officer shall close out and remove the terminated 19 fund from the various state accounting systems using 20 generally accepted accounting principles concerning 21 warrants outstanding, assets, and liabilities. 22 23 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Governor's Budget Recommendation Conforming Bill Executive Office of the Governor Terminate Federal Emergency Management Programs Support Trust Fund

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to trust funds of the Executive 3 Office of the Governor; terminating the Federal Emergency Management Support Trust Fund; 4 5 providing for the disposition of balances in and revenues of the trust fund; providing an 6 7 effective date. 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 Section 1. (1) The Federal Emergency Management 12 Programs Support Trust Fund within the Executive Office of 13 the Governor, FLAIR number 31-2-525, is terminated. 14 (2) All current balances remaining in, and all 15 revenues of, the trust fund, shall be transferred to the 16 Federal Grants Trust Fund, FLAIR number 31-2-261. 17 (3) The Executive Office of the Governor shall pay 18 any outstanding debts and obligations of the terminated 19 fund as soon as practicable, and the Chief Financial 20 Officer shall close out and remove the terminated fund from 21 the various state accounting systems using generally 22 accepted accounting principles concerning warrants outstanding, assets, and liabilities. 23 24 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018. 25

Governor's Budget Recommendation Conforming Bill Department of Military Affairs Terminate Welfare Transition Trust Fund

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to trust funds of the Department
3	of Military Affairs; repealing s. 250.175(5),
4	F.S.; terminating the Welfare Transition Trust
5	Fund; providing an effective date.
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7	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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9	Section 1. (1) The Welfare Transition Trust Fund
10	within the Department of Military Affairs, FLAIR number 62-
11	2-401, is terminated.
12	(2) All current balances remaining in, and all
13	revenues of, the trust fund, shall be transferred to the
14	Federal Grants Trust Fund, FLAIR number 62-2-261.
15	(3) The Department of Military Affairs shall pay any
16	outstanding debts and obligations of the terminated fund as
17	soon as practicable, and the Chief Financial Officer shall
18	close out and remove the terminated fund from the various
19	state accounting systems using generally accepted
20	accounting principles concerning warrants outstanding,
21	assets, and liabilities.
22	Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 250.175, Florida
23	Statutes, is hereby repealed.
24	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.